



Principles of Effective Interventions

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1. The Risk Principle

Who should be targeted for treatment?



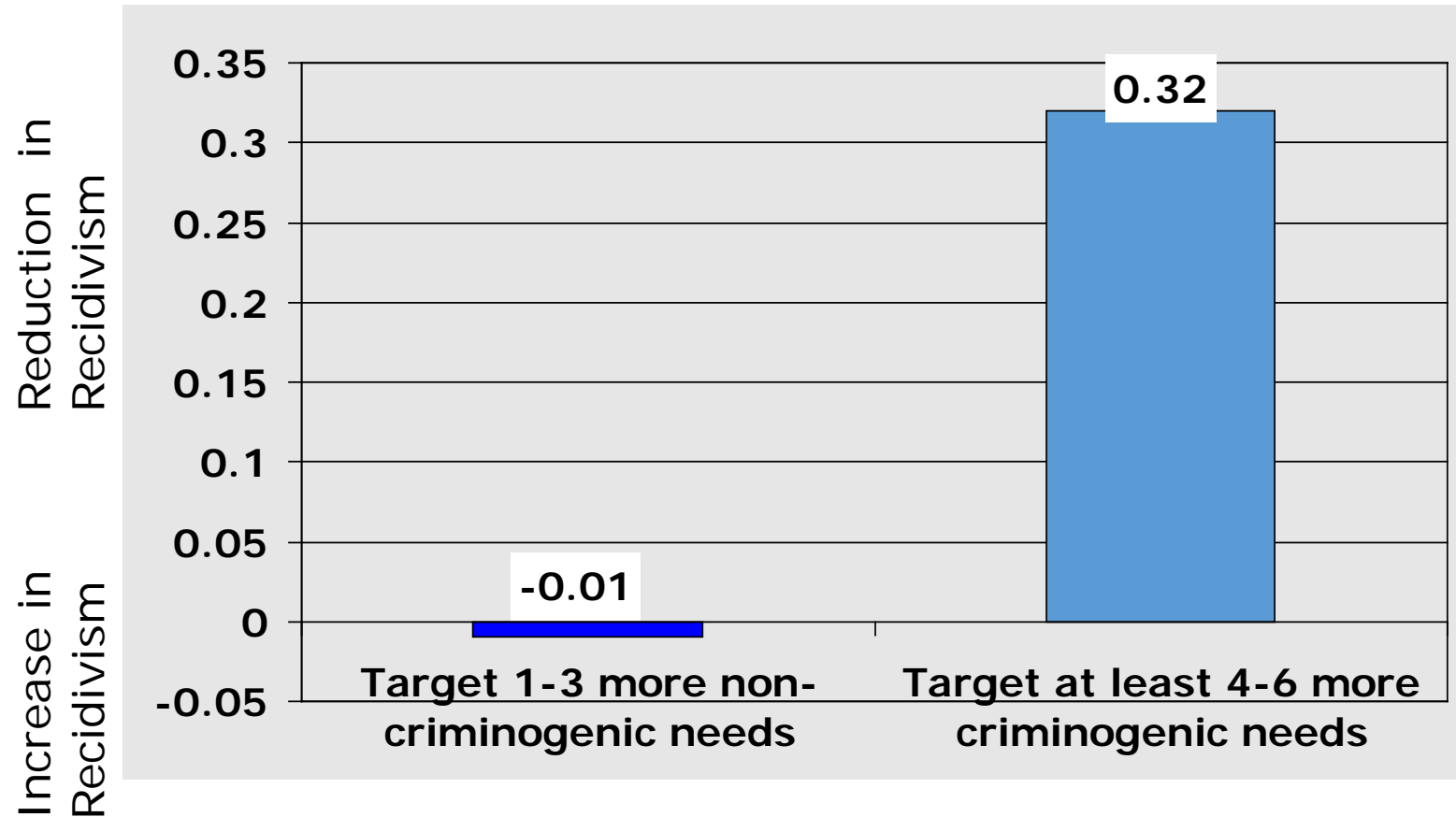
1. The Need Principle



What should
treatment
target?



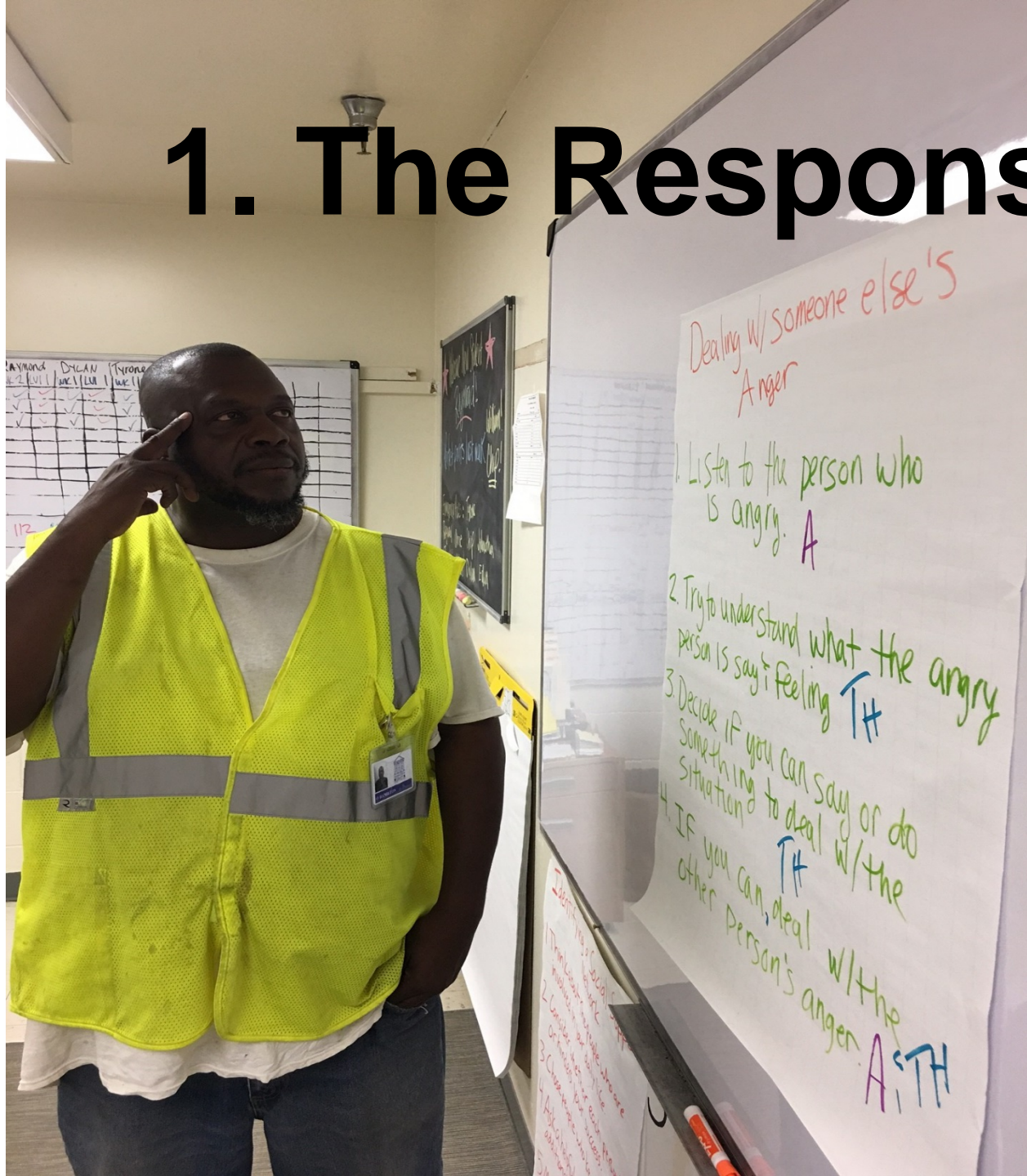
Targeting Criminogenic Need: Results from Meta-Analyses



Source: Gendreau P., French S.A., and A. Taylor (2002). What Works (What Doesn't Work) Revised 2002
Invited Submission to the International Community Corrections Association Monograph Series Project

1. The Responsivity Principle

How should
the treatment be
delivered?



Cognitive Behavioral Bootcamp



In-House Transitional Employment



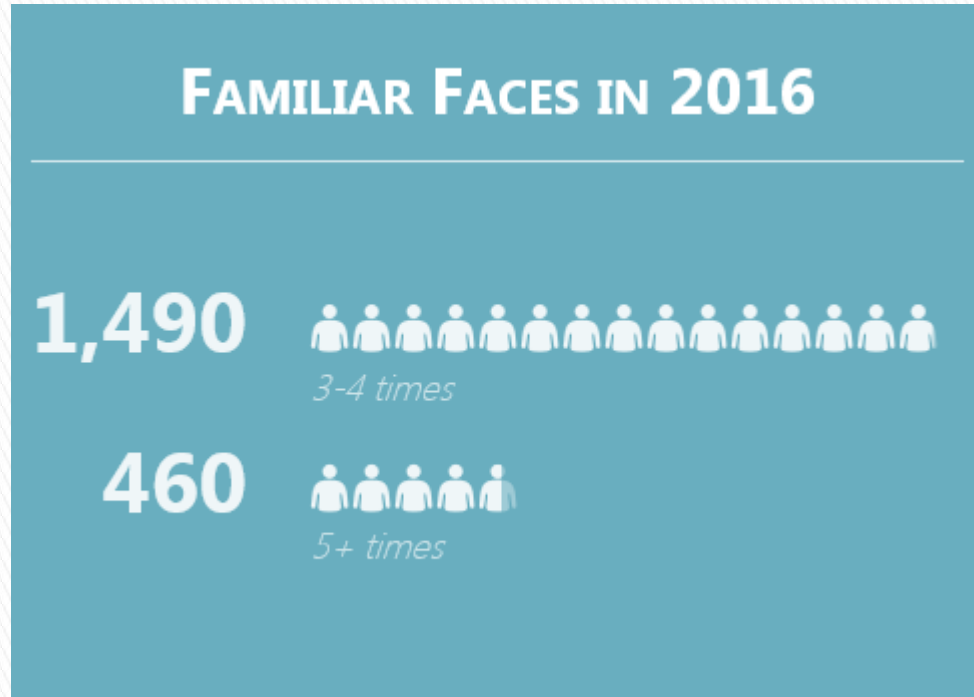
Transitional Jobs





Rethinking Expectations: Proven Practices to Reduce Reoffending in High Risk Populations

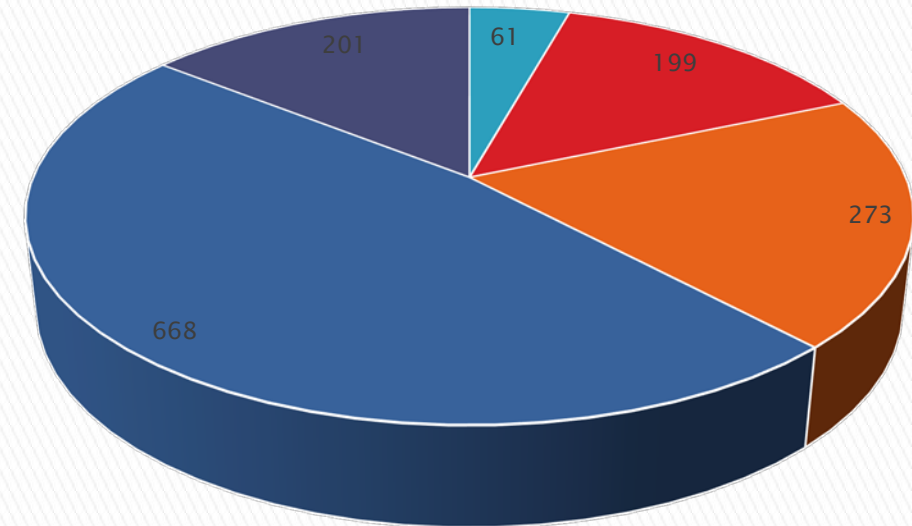
Admissions to Jail and Community Supervision in Charleston (2016)



Familiar Faces Booked Repeatedly
Charleston County Detention (SACDC)

Assessed Level of Risk at Admission

■ High ■ Medium with Override Consideration ■ Medium ■ Low ■ Missing



553 (38%) Assessed Medium Risk and Higher

Risk Profile for Admissions to Charleston
County Probation and Parole

Systemic Approach: Targeted and Evidence-Based Practices for Recidivism Reduction

